of the searings trading Company will draw on the sub-agent through the Benzhanz & Shanghal Bank, local sight dra March 31, 1932. per lading. Is you will note from the asterded figures, a mail O', 5

To: Hong Kong Office.

From: Shanghai Office. X 245

bject: Continental-Diamond Fibre Company.

The American Trading Company, 3 Canton Road, Shanghai, has requested that we approach your office in regard to securing a sub-distributor operating in both Hong Kong and Canton for the fibre products mamufactured by the Continental-Diamond Fibre To facilitate your handling of this inquiry, I am enclosing copy of a letter received by the local office of the American Trading Company from their head-office in New York. which shows very clearly the position of control which the American Trading Company has obtained over the fibre market in this territory, and also indicates the necessity for a subdistributor in South China. Mr. Gilman has kindly furnished me with a complete set of samples which I am enclosing with this letter. He prefers to reserve prices until some definite connections have been established, but states that there is no other fibre sold in China that can compete with the products manufactured by the Continental-Diamond Fibre Company.

The fibre is used in the manufacture of trunks, suit cases, tubes for flashlights, and also in connection with various types of electrical insulation work. All sheets bear the wellknown "Swastika" chop of the American Trading Company. As you no doubt know, the American Trading Company is the oldest American concern operating in China and its chop is very wellknown among the Chinese. Mr. Gilman would prefer to contact with a reliable firm of Chinese dealers or distributors rather than with the usual import firm. It will perhaps be better if such a firm had offices in both Hong Kong and Canton.

Shipments will be made direct to Hong Kong and the local office of the American Trading Company will draw on the sub-agent through the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, local sight draft attached to bill of lading. As you will note from the attached figures, a small quantity of fibre has been sold by the American Trading Company to small Chinese consumers in that area. However, it is desired to expand the business and obtain, if possible, the same relative position of control over the South China market as in thisteerritory. Anything that you can do to assist the American Trading Company in its efforts to secure distribution in your territory will be greatly appreciated by this office. 30,388 \*\* 17,301 \*\*

> Edgar W. O'Harow Assistant Trade Commissioner

> > 140,046

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one the self-more than rates in her about Managhai's possibility of good Ero'H: EH to mere buildness from Monghains. To appreciate that Shanghai Le not in a position to get wary auch business in lienghour, but we hope they can devise ways and makes of increasing orders from that territory.

Re: FIBRE

Date March 1st, 1932.

The Continental-Diamond Fibre Company have submitted the following figures showing exports of Fibre from the United States to Japan and China for 1929, 1930 and 1931. They also show the proportion of the business which they secured.

JAPAN U. S. A. C.D.F. Co.	1929 108,981 18s. 63,568 "	1930 42,395 lbs. 17,301 "	1931 37,913 lbs 18,517 "
CHINA Hongkong China U. S. A.	6,956 lbs. 32,002 " 38,958 "	35,440 lbs. 42,313 " 77,753 "	30,514 lbs. 155,465 " 185,979 "
Hongkong China C.D.F. Co.	23,813 lbs. 23,813 "	535 lbs. 32,526 " 33,061 "	2,495 lbs. 140,046 " 142,541 "

They are, of course, very pleased by the showing made by Shanghai and the only question they raise is how about Shanghai's possibility of getting a little more business from Hongkong. We appreciate that Shanghai so not in a position to get very much business in Hongkong, but we hope is not in a position to get very much business in Hongkong, but we hope they can devise ways and means of increasing orders from that territory.

AMERICAN TRADING COMPANY, INC.